Lesson 4: Efficiently Adding Integers and Other Rational Numbers

Classwork

Example 1: Rule for Adding Integers with Same Signs

a. Represent the sum of 3 + 5 using arrows on the number line.



- i. How long is the arrow that represents 3?
- ii. What direction does it point?
- iii. How long is the arrow that represents 5?
- iv. What direction does it point?
- v. What is the sum?
- vi. If you were to represent the sum using an arrow, how long would the arrow be, and what direction would it point?



- vii. What is the relationship between the arrow representing the number on the number line and the absolute value of the number?
- viii. Do you think that adding two positive numbers will always give you a greater positive number? Why?
- b. Represent the sum of -3 + (-5) using arrows that represent -3 and -5 on the number line.



- i. How long is the arrow that represents -3?
- ii. What direction does it point?
- iii. How long is the arrow that represents -5?
- iv. What direction does it point?
- v. What is the sum?



- vi. If you were to represent the sum using an arrow, how long would the arrow be, and what direction would it point?
- vii. Do you think that adding two negative numbers will always give you a smaller negative number? Why?
- c. What do both examples have in common?

RULE: Add rational numbers with the same sign by adding the absolute values and using the common sign.

Exercise 2

- a. Decide whether the sum will be positive or negative without actually calculating the sum.



- b. Find the sum.
 - i. 15 + 7
 - ii. -4 + (-16)
 - iii. -18 + (-64)
 - iv. -205 + (-123)

Example 2: Rule for Adding Opposite Signs

a. Represent 5 + (-3) using arrows on the number line.



- i. How long is the arrow that represents 5?
- ii. What direction does it point?
- iii. How long is the arrow that represents -3?
- iv. What direction does it point?



- v. Which arrow is longer?
- vi. What is the sum? If you were to represent the sum using an arrow, how long would the arrow be, and what direction would it point?
- b. Represent the 4 + (-7) using arrows on the number line.



- i. In the two examples above, what is the relationship between the length of the arrow representing the sum and the lengths of the arrows representing the two addends?
- ii. What is the relationship between the direction of the arrow representing the sum and the direction of the arrows representing the two addends?
- iii. Write a rule that will give the length and direction of the arrow representing the sum of two values that have opposite signs.

RULE: Add rational numbers with opposite signs by subtracting the absolute values and using the sign of the integer with the greater absolute value.



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Exercise 3

- a. Circle the integer with the greater absolute value. Decide whether the sum will be positive or negative without actually calculating the sum.

 - iii. -6 + 3
 - iv. -11 + 1
- b. Find the sum.
 - i. -10 + 7
 - ii. 8 + (-16)
 - iii. -12 + (65)
 - iv. 105 + (-126)



Example 3: Applying Integer Addition Rules to Rational Numbers

Find the sum of $6 + \left(-2\frac{1}{4}\right)$. The addition of rational numbers follows the same rules of addition for integers.

- a. Find the absolute values of the numbers.
- b. Subtract the absolute values.
- c. The answer will take the sign of the number that has the greater absolute value.

Exercise 4

Solve the following problems. Show your work.

- a. Find the sum of -18 + 7.
- b. If the temperature outside was 73 degrees at 5:00 p.m., but it fell 19 degrees by 10:00 p.m., what is the temperature at 10:00 p.m.? Write an equation and solve.
- c. Write an addition sentence, and find the sum using the diagram below.





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Lesson Summary

- Add integers with the same sign by adding the absolute values and using the common sign.
- Steps to adding integers with opposite signs:
 - 1. Find the absolute values of the integers.
 - 2. Subtract the absolute values.
 - 3. The answer will take the sign of the integer that has the greater absolute value.
- To add rational numbers, follow the same rules used to add integers.

Problem Set

- 1. Find the sum. Show your work to justify your answer.
 - a. 4+17
 - b. -6 + (-12)
 - c. 2.2 + (-3.7)
 - d. -3 + (-5) + 8
 - e. $\frac{1}{3} + \left(-2\frac{1}{4}\right)$
- 2. Which of these story problems describes the sum 19 + (-12)? Check all that apply. Show your work to justify your answer.
 - ______ Jared's dad paid him \$19 for raking the leaves from the yard on Wednesday. Jared spent \$12 at the movie theater on Friday. How much money does Jared have left?
 - ______ Jared owed his brother \$19 for raking the leaves while Jared was sick. Jared's dad gave him \$12 for doing his chores for the week. How much money does Jared have now?
 - _____ Jared's grandmother gave him \$19 for his birthday. He bought \$8 worth of candy and spent another \$4 on a new comic book. How much money does Jared have left over?



3. Use the diagram below to complete each part.



- a. Label each arrow with the number the arrow represents.
- b. How long is each arrow? What direction does each arrow point?

Arrow	Length	Direction
1		
2		
3		

- c. Write an equation that represents the sum of the numbers. Find the sum.
- 4. Jennifer and Katie were playing the Integer Game in class. Their hands are represented below.



Katie's Hand		
-9		7

- a. What is the value of each of their hands? Show your work to support your answer.
- b. If Jennifer drew two more cards, is it possible for the value of her hand not to change? Explain why or why not.
- c. If Katie wanted to win the game by getting a score of 0, what card would she need? Explain.
- d. If Jennifer drew -1 and -2, what would be her new score? Show your work to support your answer.

