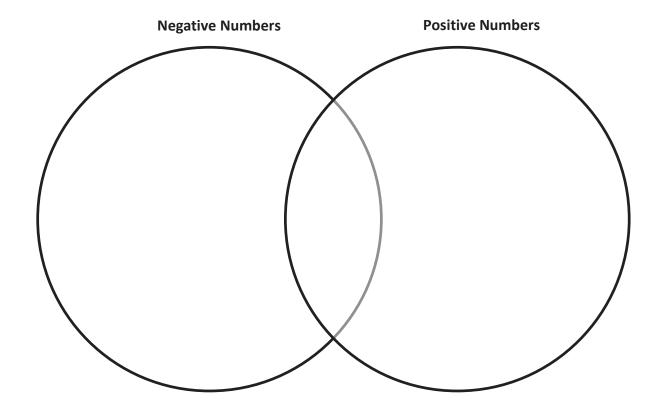
A STORY OF RATIOS Lesson 1 7•2

Lesson 1: Opposite Quantities Combine to Make Zero

Classwork

Exercise 1: Positive and Negative Numbers Review

With your partner, use the graphic organizer below to record what you know about positive and negative numbers. Add or remove statements during the whole-class discussion.

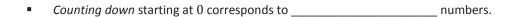




Example 2: Counting Up and Counting Down on the Number Line

Use the number line below to practice counting up and counting down.







a. Where do you begin when locating a number on the number line?

b. What do you call the distance between a number and $\boldsymbol{0}$ on a number line?

c. What is the relationship between 7 and -7?

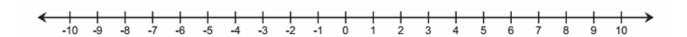
Example 3: Using the Integer Game and the Number Line

What is the sum of the card values shown? Use the counting on method on the provided number line to justify your answer.

5 | -5 |



8

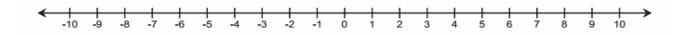


a. What is the final position on the number line?

- ----
- b. What card or combination of cards would you need to get back to 0?
- ____

Exercise 2: The Additive Inverse

Use the number line to answer each of the following questions.



a. How far is 7 from 0 and in which direction?

b. What is the opposite of 7?

c. How far is -7 from 0 and in which direction?

- d. Thinking back to our previous work, explain how you would use the counting on method to represent the following: While playing the Integer Game, the first card selected is 7, and the second card selected is -7.
- e. What does this tell us about the sum of 7 and its opposite, -7?
- f. Look at the curved arrows you drew for 7 and -7. What relationship exists between these two arrows that would support your claim about the sum of 7 and -7?
- g. Do you think this will hold true for the sum of any number and its opposite? Why?

Property: For every number a, there is a number -a so that a + (-a) = 0 and (-a) + a = 0.

The *additive inverse of a number* is a number such that the sum of the two numbers is 0. The opposite of a number satisfies this definition: For example, the opposite of 3 is -3, and 3 + (-3) = 0. Hence -3 is the additive inverse of 3.

The property above is usually called the existence of additive inverses.

Exercise 3: Playing the Integer Game

Play the Integer Game with your group. Use a number line to practice counting on.

Lesson Summary

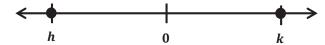
 Add a positive number to a number by counting up from that number, and add a negative number to a number by counting down from that number.

- An integer plus its opposite sum to zero.
- The opposite of a number is called the additive inverse because the two numbers' sum is zero.

Problem Set

For Problems 1 and 2, refer to the Integer Game.

- 1. You have two cards with a sum of (-12) in your hand.
 - a. What two cards could you have?
 - b. You add two more cards to your hand, but the total sum of the cards remains the same, (-12). Give some different examples of two cards you could choose.
- 2. Choose one card value and its additive inverse. Choose from the list below to write a real-world story problem that would model their sum.
 - a. Elevation: above and below sea level
 - b. Money: credits and debits, deposits and withdrawals
 - c. Temperature: above and below 0 degrees
 - d. Football: loss and gain of yards
- 3. On the number line below, the numbers h and k are the same distance from 0. Write an equation to express the value of h + k. Explain.



- 4. During a football game, Kevin gained five yards on the first play. Then he lost seven yards on the second play. How many yards does Kevin need on the next play to get the team back to where they were when they started? Show your work.
- 5. Write an addition number sentence that corresponds to the arrows below.

